

FOR EUROPE AND AMERICA.
INDIA, AUSTRALIA, &c.
and for
PRIVATE RESIDENTS AT THE OUTPORTS,
A COMPREHENSIVE AND COMPLETE RECORD
OF THE
NEWS OF THIS FAR EAST
is given in the
HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS,
with which is incorporated
THE CHINA OVERLAND TRADES REPORT.

Subscription, including Postage to any part of
the World \$10 per annum.

No. 11,004 第四零零一千一萬一號

日四十二月三十九十光

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, MAY 9TH, 1893.

二三

夏九月五英港香

PRICE \$24 PER MONTH

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS, "Press".
P. O. Box 20 Telephone No. 12

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HONGKONG TRADING CO.

JUST LANDED.

LACE & GUIPURE D'ART
CURTAINS
IN NEW DESIGNS

ART MUSLINS.

HONGKONG TRADING CO.
Nos. 1, 3, 5, and 7, D'Aguilar St.
Hongkong, 20th May, 1893.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY, AND
TAIWANFOO.

THE Company's Steamship

"THALES."

Captain Hodgson will be despatched for the
above Ports, on THURSDAY, the 11th inst., at
DAWN.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

DOUGLAS & FALKIN & Co.,
General Managers.

Hongkong, 9th May, 1893.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR SANDAKAN AND KUDAT.

THE Company's Steamship

"MEMNON."

Captain Branch will be despatched as above on
THURSDAY, the 11th inst., at 3 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWINE,

Agents.

Hongkong, 8th May, 1893.

ST. JOHN'S LODGE OF
HONGKONG, No. 48, S.C.

A REGULAR MEETING of the above
LODGE will be held in the Freemasons'
Hall, Queen Street, on FRIDAY, the
13th inst., at 8.30 p.m. precisely. Visiting
Brethren are cordially invited.

Hongkong, 10th May, 1893.

HONGKONG RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

THE HOTEL RIBBON AND SPOONS

will be shot on SATURDAY, the 13th
inst. Ranges, 200 and 330 yards. Time, 3 P.M.

ED. ROBINSON,
Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, 8th May, 1893.

PUBLIC AUCTION
OF
WINES, SPIRITS, ETC.

The Undersigned has required instructions
to be given to sell by
PUBLIC AUCTION,
ON

THURSDAY, the 11th MAY, 1893.

Commencing at 2.30 P.M.

at his SALE ROOMS, DUDDELL STREET,
for account of whom it may concern.

40 Cases CHAMPAGNE in quarts and pints.
1 Case MARQUIS DE LA TOUR, in good
condition.

20 Cases CHAMPAGNE in pints—FRAN-
COIS FILS, in good condition.

ALSO—
The following Good CLARETS, viz.—
CHATEAU BEAUMONT in quarts a pint.
DU LACETTE do. do.
PALAUME do. do.
AND do. do.

5 Cases Fine SCOTCH WHISKY in flasks.
10 Cases BLACK SEAL SHERRY.

12 Cases pints SONDERBORG DARK
BEER and other Beer to close accounts.

The above will be put up in lots to suit Pe-
cuniary Classes and Auctioneers.

TERMS OF SALE—As customary.

GEO. P. LAMMERT,
Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 9th May, 1893.

PUBLIC AUCTION
OF

USEFUL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
COTTAGE F. A. NO. BY CHAPPELL,
(in excellent order),
&c., &c., &c.

THURSDAY next the 11th MAY, 1893,
at 2.30 P.M. sharp,
at the

ACTION MART, 17, PRAYA CENTRAL,
(Removed for Convenience of Sale).

A large quantity of
NEW AND SECOND-HAND
FURNITURE,
Comprising

Handsome DRAWING-ROOM SUITE
(Plush and Tapistry), DINING-ROOM SUITE
(Morocco Leather Covered), AST CHAIRS
(Lather Covered), TAPESTRY and CANE
SEAT-CHAIRS, HALL, DINING-ROOM,
BED-ROOM, and OFFICE FURNITURE,
Mahogany, Rosewood, and American
MAHOGANY EXTENSION DINING TABLES,
DINNER WAGGONS, DINNER SER-
VICES, DOUBLE and SINGLE WALD-
ICHS, BRASS and IRON BEDS, IRON
WIRE WOVEN MATTESES, DRESS-
ING TABLES, MARBLE-TOP OF WASH-
STANDS, TOILET SETS, COMMUNES,
PICTURES, ORNAMENTS, CLOCKS,
ENDERNS and FILE IRONS, CURTAINS,
ELECTRO-PLATE and GLASS WARE,
AND

One High Class Iron Framed COTTAGE
PIANO, by Chappell, with Music Stand
and Stool Complete.

On View on Thursday A.M.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on delivery.

A. E. SKELLS & Co.,
Auctioneers & Valuers.

Action Mart, 17, Praya Central,
Hongkong, 9th May, 1893.

PUBLIC AUCTION

OF

JAPANESE AND CHINESE
CURIOS, &c.,

ON

SATURDAY next, MAY 13th, 1893,
at 2.30 P.M. sharp,

at the

ACTION MART, 17, PRAYA CENTRAL,
Comprising

CHINESE PORCELAIN VASES, TQI-
LIU-SHE, FLOWER-JARS, PLAQUES,
BOWLS, PLATES, ORNAMENTS, &c.

Also—

JAPANESE PORCELAIN VASES,
BOWLS, TEA AND BREAKFAST
CUPS, SILVER, SILK, CO-PTON
HAPES, PHOTO FRAMES, BAMBOO
DOYLIES, LACQUER-WARE, CHIL-
DREN'S TOYS, &c., &c.

On View Friday and Saturday, A.M.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on delivery.

A. E. SKELLS & Co.,
Auctioneers & Valuers.

Action Mart, 17, Praya Central,
Hongkong, 9th May, 1893.

PUBLIC AUCTION

OF

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY,
LIMITED.

FOR PORT DARWIN, QUEENSLAND
PORTS, SYDNEY, AND MELBOURNE,
THE Company's Steamship

TSINIAN.

G. Barnes, Company will be despatched as
above.

The attention of Passengers is directed to
the Superior Accommodation offered by this
Steamer. First-class Saloon and Cabins are
situated forward of the Engine. Second-class
Passenger are berthed in the Poco. A Re-
frigerating Chamber ensures the entire voyage. A
few first-class Cabins are available.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the COMPANY
will be CLOSING from the 4th to the 10th last,
both days inclusive.

For Freight Passages apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWINE,

Agents.

Hongkong, 6th May, 1893.

1084

1085

1086

1087

1088

1089

1090

1091

1092

1093

1094

1095

1096

1097

1098

1099

1100

1101

1102

1103

1104

1105

1106

1107

1108

1109

1110

1111

1112

1113

1114

1115

1116

1117

1118

1119

1120

1121

1122

1123

1124

1125

1126

1127

1128

1129

1130

1131

1132

1133

1134

1135

1136

1137

1138

1139

1140

1141

1142

1143

1144

1145

1146

1147

1148

1149

1150

1151

1152

1153

INTIMATIONS.

BROWN, JONES & CO.
AMERICAN AND ITALIAN MARBLE
CROSSES,
HEADSTONES AND COLUMNS
in Stock.
Prices moderate. Work Promptly Done,
3037. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.



CHEMISTS BY APPOINTMENT.

ESTABLISHED AD. 1841.

MANUFACTURERS OF AERATED
WATERS.

Our NEW FACTORY has been recently refitted with automatic Steam Machinery of the latest and most approved kind, and we are well able to compete in quality with the best English makers.

The purest ingredients only are used, and the utmost care and cleanliness are exercised in the manufacture throughout.

BOMBAY SODAS.

We continue to supply large bottles as herebefore. Free of Extra Charge—to those of our Customers who prefer to have them to the ordinary size.

COAST PORT ORDERS, whenever practicable, are despatched by first steamer leaving after receipt of order.

For **COAST PORTS.** Waters are packed and placed on board ship at Hongkong prices, and the full amount allowed for Packages and Expenses when received in good condition.

Counterfoil Order Books supplied free of application.

Our Registered Telegraphic Address is
"DISPENSARY, HONGKONG." And all signed messages addressed thus will receive prompt attention.

The following is a List of Waters always kept ready in Stock:

PURE AERATED WATER
SODA WATER
LEMONADE
FOTASH WATER
SELTZER WATER
LITHIA WATER
SABASAPELLA WATER
TONIC WATER
GINGER ALE
GINGERADE
LEMON SQUASH
RASPBERRYADE.

No Credit given for Bottles that look dirty or greasy, or that appear to have been used for any other purpose than that of containing Aerated Waters, as such Bottles are never used again by us.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.
The Hongkong Dispensary, Hongkong. [16]

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.
Only communications relating to the news columns should be addressed to "The Editor".

Correspondents are requested to forward their name and address with communications addressed to the Editor, not for publication, but as evidence of good faith.

All letters for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.

No anonymous signed communications that have appeared in the paper shall be inserted.

Orders for extra copies of the Daily Press shall be sent before 11 a.m. on the day of publication.

After that time the supply is limited.

Telegraphic Address: *Press*, P. O. Box 12. Telephone No. 12.

DEATH.

At No. 72, Grosvenor, Tokkoon, on the 29th April, JOHN HEDDON MACKENZIE, aged 55 years.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, MAY 9TH, 1893.

The news telegraphed by Reuters that at the request of America Belgium has issued invitations for the resumption of the Monetary Conference on the 30th inst. should not have too much importance attached to it. Until England is prepared to adopt bimetallism nothing effective can be done for the rehabilitation of silver, and the recent debate in the House of Commons showed that, although the movement is making steady and indeed rapid progress in that country, the process of conversion is still far from complete. Mr. Gladstone's declared uncompromisingly against the double standard, and the question may be regarded as definitely hung up for at least so long as the present Government may remain in power. As a matter of form probably the invitations now issued by Belgium will be accepted, but it may be accepted as a foregone conclusion that there will be no practical result from the Conference. In the resolution by which the previous session was adjourned the hope was expressed that "during the interval the careful study of the documents submitted to the Conference will have permitted the discovery of an equitable agreement, which shall not infringe in any way the fundamental principles of the monetary policy of the different countries." But the British delegates in their report say:—"For our selves we are unable to share these hopes. It appeared to us that the discussions had shown such divergence of interests that there was little more prospect of an agreement after an interval of a few months. We did not, however, think it politic to oppose a wish generally entertained by the Conference, and therefore contented ourselves with expressing doubts as to the advantages to be gained from further meetings, and urged that under no circumstances should the Conference be called together again except for the consideration of a definite proposal emanating from the Government of the United States or some other Government." When the Conference reassembled the United States will naturally be expected to submit a definite proposal, and the only proposal they have to submit is the adoption of international bimetallism. But this the majority of the principal European states will likely refuse even to discuss, and the Conference will separate without agreeing upon the recommendation of any common course of action. A perusal of the proceedings at the previous sittings of the Conference fully warrants this belief, according to the American papers, also. President Cleveland does not expect any practical results from the reassembling of

the Conference. He is sending back the same delegations with the same instructions as before, but his action appears to be determined rather by the feeling that the United States, having originated the Conference, rests under some obligation to obtain a practical pronouncement from it if possible.

Mr. CLEVELAND's personal hopes probably are that the pronouncement will be adverse to bimetallism, for unless his views have undergone a great change he must be regarded as an advocate of the single standard.

A majority of the incoming Congress, it is said, favours free coinage, but supported by a condemnation of bimetallism by the Monetary Conference the position of the President in opposing the silver party in the United States would be materially strengthened.

Nevertheless, although we look upon the Monetary Conference as doomed to failure, so far as any immediate practical result is concerned, we believe that bimetallism is bound to be re-established sooner or later, for the simple reason that the supply of gold is not sufficient for the currency requirements of the world. Mr. BERTRAND, the Belgian Minister of Finance, in his speech welcoming the Monetary Conference to Brussels, said that what would characterize this century in the future was the prodigious and incessant development of international relations; at one time a man belonged to his own village, to his own province, or at most to his own country; to-day the horizon of humanity was enlarged, a great movement spread life and welfare on all sides, nations knew each other better every day, and the world was hardly large enough for the sphere of our activities; hence the numerous international agreements to regulate in a uniform fashion interests common to the civilized world; conventions of almost universal application regulated telegraphs, postal affairs, railways, the system of weights and measures, the publication of Customs tariffs, patents, and copyright. "Why," he asked, "should it not be the same with money, an instrument which is international par excellence, and which is the most indispensable of all?" Why, indeed? In fact, some international arrangement regarding money seems inevitable. Europe and Asia cannot afford for ever to see commerce between them impeded by a constantly fluctuating exchange. Some common standard must be agreed upon, and since there is not enough gold for the world's only alternative is the adoption of bimetallism.

At the safety and sufficiency of that system we cannot do better than refer our readers to the article signed by Mr. GEO. JAMESON, in the *Shanghai Times*, in the last number of the *Quarterly Review* of the Chinese Academy of Sciences. That article is well worth reading, and it is evident that the author is in favour of the adoption of bimetallism. The following is a portion of his argument:—

"The largest drain experienced for the last thirty years at Tientsin says the *N. G. Daily News*, occurred on the 21st ult., at daybreak, at a place called Hopoh, on north of the river, within a mile of the Yalu's mouth. This portion of the suburbs of Tientsin is a particularly busy one. One hundred and thirty-seven large houses were burnt out, and their inhabitants scattered to a dozen villages, mostly destroyed. In addition to the business houses, godowns and dwelling houses to the number of 2,000 rooms," as the Chinese compute them, "were also involved. The total loss could not be less than £1,500,000."

Telegraphic intelligence was received yesterday of the suspension of the National Garage Company of the United States. This is the name under which the great American Garage Trust was known. The combined capital of the Trust amounted to \$25,000,000 and great efforts were made to secure an absolute monopoly of the rope trade, the various concerns being bought up in order to prevent outside firms from competing. The result of improvements in manufacture, and all the other usual devices were adopted to crush opposition. It would seem, however, that the scheme has broken down. Whether the expansion means that the concern is unable to meet its liabilities or merely that the trust has been dissolved is not known.

The following is a list of miners in the East depicted in a little article in the last number of the *Quarterly Review* of the Chinese Academy of Sciences by Miss Alice Jane Murdoch, who says in the course of her paper:—"I was taking a little self-rest, after a day crowded with engagements and worries. My missionary work in the native city of Shanghai had tired me more than I had anticipated, and my customary writing hours, as that the house was quiet, I failed to carry letters I longed to send, while an incoming mail had failed to bring letters. Longed to receive. I had been tempted by sumoy meting to have all our winter carpets and fur rugs spread out on the lawn, and a sudden deluge had soaked them before they could be removed, while the same deluge had brought down a small tree, and an unoccupied ceiling in our spare room when I was preparing to remove the furniture for speedy repair. When I received a request, not to be refused, to accommodate next day a missionary couple from inland, bound for Europe. A clumsy servant had unmade a favourite vase, precious with home associations; my tailor had brought from England a new suit, a set of furniture, copies of *Household Words*, and through these various vexatious experiences had been running an undone of toothache." This is truly a depressing picture of an avalanche of unfortunate circumstances.

At Fuzhou on the 23rd ult. a whole family consisting of fifteen persons were poison-fished, and three of them died. The remainder, under medical treatment, recovered. It is supposed that arsenic had been introduced in the bread they consumed.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company's Royal Mail steamer *Empress of Japan*, which left Vancouver on the 25th ult. (having been delayed one day for the mail), arrived at Yokohama on Sunday morning, one day ahead of schedule time, thus reducing the ordinary run by two days. She left again at 10 a.m. yesterday for Kobe, Nagasaki, Shanghai, and Hongkong.

The long expected state of H. M. the Queen arrived on Friday in the steamer *Genlissel*, and was landed on Saturday at the Kowloon Godown. It is reported that in a short time a meeting of shareholders of the fourth annual general meeting to be held at No. 6, Lee House Lane, will be on Thursday, 18th May.

The General Manager now beg to submit their report and a statement of the Company's accounts for the year 1892.

The figures for 1892, but unfortunately have not yet been obtained, show a deficit of £17,770.15. The old stocks of timber at Koko and Tsinian, the old name Congo, which was purchased to fill the place of the godards lost, are now engaged with the Chinese, and are being sold to the latter.

The new stocks of timber are now in the possession of the Chinese, and are being sold to the latter.

Mrs. Duley's barrels, and casks are now in accordance with the articles of association, but are eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

The accounts will be handled by Mr. Fullerton Henderson, who offers himself for re-election.

Lee Lixzon & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, 9th May, 1893.

H. G. BROWN & COMPANY, LIMITED.

The following is the report for presentation to shareholders at the fourth annual general meeting to be held at No. 6, Lee House Lane, on Thursday, 18th May.

The General Manager now beg to submit their report and a statement of the Company's accounts for the year 1892.

The figures for 1892, but unfortunately have not yet been obtained, show a deficit of £17,770.15. The old stocks of timber at Koko and Tsinian, the old name Congo, which was purchased to fill the place of the godards lost, are now engaged with the Chinese, and are being sold to the latter.

The new stocks of timber are now in the possession of the Chinese, and are being sold to the latter.

Mrs. Duley's barrels, and casks are now in accordance with the articles of association, but are eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

The accounts will be handled by Mr. Fullerton

Henderson, who offers himself for re-election.

Lee Lixzon & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, 9th May, 1893.

Two results would probably follow. Either China

is a large grower of cotton, and possesses ample areas suited to its extended cultivation

—would be encouraged to erect machinery and spin her own yarn, or she would transfer her customs to Japan, which is rapidly developing a cotton industry.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

The reduction can hardly fail to suggest itself that the opium trade would be affected by similar considerations with the probable effect of stimulating production in China and Persia, and hastening improvement in the manufacture of Chinese opium, to meet the luxurious demand for opium, which, with the present prepared India, has a present surplus.

sources will probably be compensated by the abundance of the other, and the supply will on the whole be more stable. So it would seem it might be better with a monetary system if arranged on a similar plan.

As an alternative of bimetallism, the only thing suggested is to leave it alone. Silver will then, it is said, find its level and remain steady. But will it even then be steady and what is its level? If silver were an article like what is produced, and could be easily transported, it would be very easy to control production. But apart from the difficulty of saying what is necessarily the cost of production of an ounce of silver, it is evident that even that is not necessarily the lowest limit to which the price may go.

With a falling mass of something like a thousand millions' sterling worth of silver on the market, if it continues to decline it is impossible to name any price as a limit beyond which it cannot go. Doubtless it would recover again, and probably rapidly, but the difficulty ahead is the probability of continued fluctuation now up and now down with all the attendant risk and uncertainty. The amount of silver in the world is at least 180,000,000,000, and you cannot say that this cannot ignore it and you cannot let people leave it alone. Gold

were the only currency metal in the world's view would dream of introducing silver, but the world must take us as it finds us, and the only question for practical men is what is the best thing to do to put an end to the present difficulties.

The Government of the United States especially those who represented the silver element, that he may be free of responsibility in the matter and clear of the charge of having chosen manifiestly to silver.

This course of making back the same delegated with the same freedom of instruction was taken over by the President, and he has been in communication with Professor David A. Wells, an eminent economist, who was here by invitation to discuss this and other economic questions. He has debated for a long time with the Secretary, and also had a frank talk with the President.

The President does not expect any practical result from the reassembling of the conference, and does not propose to submit his silver bill to the Senate, but he has given his support to new programmes which would have little chance of adoption. Neither he nor Secretary Gresham is disposed to draw up such a programme, and they will simply refer the delegates to their old instructions. The prisoners were locked up and the Government will make an example of them.

MOSCOW, 10th April. The famine in the European part of the Government of Pekin is greater than ever before.

The villages are dying by hundreds. In the small villages the people have ceased trying to bury all the bodies. Relatives are often too weak to provide burial for the dead and leave the bodies on the roofs of the houses. It is estimated that 625,000,000 pounds of grain are required to alleviate the famine and keep the poor in food until next harvest.

THE AMERICAN MAIL.

The P. M. steamer City of Peking, with the American mail of the 13th ult., arrived yesterday. The following telegrams are from our San Francisco file:

TELEGRAPHIC REPORT.

LONDON, 8th April. An attempt this morning to rally of publicans and others to make a demonstration against the proposed law establishing local option and abridging the privileges of the liquor dealers resulted in a scene of riot and disorder. It appears that the riot was the result of plans deliberately prepared by the temperance supporters of the bill.

The temperance party to the number of thousands occupied Trafalgar square before the arrival of the liquor party, with the object of preventing the demonstration. As a procession after possession of liquor men appeared with banners the temperance people pounced upon them and the banners were quickly reduced to shreds. Free fights were frequent and the police were kept busy in quelling and arresting the ring-leaders.

The scenes were inaudible, owing to the groans and hootings of the temperance party.

The lamp room party next proceeded to hold forth. The liquor party, enraged by the previous attack on their meeting, became aggressive, and the first tempestuous speaker was knocked down by a blow from a stone. The temperance people calmed and recrossed the road, carrying all before them and obtaining full control.

HENRY M. STANLEY WRITES OF AN AFRICAN EVIL.

LONDON, 10th April. Henry M. Stanley has written to the Paris Association a letter in which he attributes the loss of nearly 1,000,000 African ports under German administration to the growing practice among the German merchants of importing into Africa small arms and ammunition. These he says, are sold to the slave dealers and do incalculable damage.

Stanley incites, also, the Portuguese. He appeals to European nations to suppress the trade in arms. Unless this step is taken, he adds, all efforts to put the slave trade will be in vain.

CHRISTIANS IN TURKISH JAILS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 10th April. The condition of affairs in Armenia is becoming more serious daily. Constant arrests of Armenians are reported in private letters. It is said that 2,000 and 2,000 Christians are now in Turkish dungeons.

The recent announcement that the Sultan had proclaimed the general pardon of Armenian prisoners is mere humbug. Only a few will be released, and they only because no evidence whatever of their pretended connection with rebellion could be obtained.

BALLOON FAMILIAR.

LONDON, 10th April. Antonello, a celebrated Italian aeronaut, made an ascent in a balloon at Arzca, Thursday last. A gust of wind blew the balloon against a tower and Antonello was thrown out and fell 150 feet. His skull was shattered.

PARIS, 10th April. A balloon carrying three passengers left at 12 m. on Saturday evening. At half past nine the basket fell from the balloon and was broken. The three passengers were safe.

ATTACK ON KING CARLOS.

LONDON, 10th April. A dispatch from Lisbon says that while King Carlos was walking yesterday afternoon at a park near the royal palace a young man ran toward the carriage, brandished a revolver, and, before the police could seize him, fired a shot which passed above the King's head. The young man was arrested.

The would-be assassin turned out to be a prominent and young man and a member of an aristocracy. He denied that he has any political ends to serve, and it is thought that he belongs to any political society. It is supposed that he is either insane or is suffering with delirious treachery.

LONDON, 10th April.

A dispatch from Lisbon says that while King Carlos was walking yesterday afternoon at a park near the royal palace a young man ran toward the carriage, brandished a revolver, and, before the police could seize him, fired a shot which passed above the King's head. The young man was arrested.

The would-be assassin turned out to be a prominent and young man and a member of an aristocracy. He denied that he has any political ends to serve, and it is thought that he belongs to any political society. It is supposed that he is either insane or is suffering with delirious treachery.

VIENNA, 10th April.

Great exertion has been caused here by an attempt to assassinate Cardinal Vacancy, Primate of Hungary. The Cardinal was walking with his Secretary when a well-dressed young man rushed upon the Cardinal, and made a desperate attempt to stab him. The Cardinal escaped unscathed, but the young man was severely wounded. Who arrested the man is not known to this writer.

The attempted assassination was undoubtedly the outgrowth of the bitter struggle in progress in Hungary over questions concerning marriage and the baptism of children of mixed marriages, in which the Cardinal is looked on as a leader of the east-central party.

VIENNA, 11th April.

Conflicting reports are circulated regarding an attempt yesterday to assassinate Cardinal Vacancy, Primate of Hungary. From the best informed sources it is learned that an attack was made upon the Cardinal in his palace in Pesth, and that the assassin was a certain Charles, who had been employed in the palace as a collector, but who had been discharged.

Charles, it appears, was desirous of being reinstated, and to gain this end prepared a petition which he presented to the Cardinal. The latter informed Charles that he must consult the Pope, who had been informed of the plot, and Charles, who had been dismissed, started for the Cardinal, who stoned the blow by springing around the corner of a desk. Rev. Dr. Kohl, the Cardinal's secretary, rushed toward the knife-wielder just as Charles started toward the Cardinal again. In the struggle Dr. Kohl received five severe wounds on the shoulders and breast. The assailant was then seized by the servants and overpowered.

THE FELIX ISLANDS QUIETLY SEIZED BY JAPAN.

LONDON, 11th April. Much excitement has been caused here by a dispatch to the effect that Japan has seized the Felix Islands, a group of the North Pacific islands, lying east of the western extremity of the Carolinian Archipelago. The islands were claimed by Spain by the right of discovery.

The Governor of the Philippines islands has sent a cable dispatch asking for reinforcements, but whether with the object of attacking the Japanese or not is not stated.

In the 10th round Bowes declared he had 10,000 inhabitants and are very fortis. Their situation is between the Philippines islands and the Caroline islands, both Spanish colonies. This is regarded as a sign that Japan intends to annex the

Spanish possessions in the Pacific. The affair may lead to grave difficulties between the powers.

CHICAGO, 11th April.

The Herald has the following special from Washington: The President has determined to give the silver men carte blanche in regard to the adjourned meeting of the international monetary conference at Brussels. He has decided for some time on the instructions to give to the men, and has sent up his mind to give them the same instructions which they had when they went to Brussels in November, to advocate unrestricted bimetallism as their primary programme, with the best they can get out of the situation. The President is anxious that the men, who are now members of the United States delegation, should represent the silver element, that he may be free of responsibility in the matter and clear of the charge of having chosen manifiestly to silver.

This course of making back the same delegated with the same freedom of instruction was taken over by the President, with Professor David A. Wells, an eminent economist, who was here by invitation to discuss this and other economic questions. He has debated for a long time with the Secretary, and also had a frank talk with the President.

The President does not expect any practical result from the reassembling of the conference, and does not propose to submit his silver bill to the Senate, but he has given his support to new programmes which would have little chance of adoption. Neither he nor Secretary Gresham is disposed to draw up such a programme, and they will simply refer the delegates to their old instructions. The prisoners were locked up and the Government will make an example of them.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

MADELEINE, 8th April. The Governor has discovered an alarming anarchist conspiracy in New York, for the purpose of the four anarchist at Xmas last had intimidated the remainder. The present movement seems to have been instigated by a desire for revenge for their executions. The Government learned of the conspirators at a farm house near Xmas last, and when the police came to search the house, the conspirators fled, and have since been armed with firearms and secured a lot of incriminating documents, showing that it was intended to inaugurate the outbreak to day. The prisoners were locked up and the Government will make an example of them.

MOSCOW, 10th April. The famine in the European part of the Government of Pekin is greater than ever before.

The villages are dying by hundreds. In the small villages the people have ceased trying to bury all the bodies. Relatives are often too weak to provide burial for the dead and leave the bodies on the roofs of the houses. It is estimated that 625,000,000 pounds of grain are required to alleviate the famine and keep the poor in food until next harvest.

JOINT STOCK COMPAGNIES.

PARIS, 10th April. The Government has organized a joint stock company to buy the shares of the Italian Government intended to issue the loan written by Kieritz to the German embassy and consular while he was imprisoned on suspicion of treason. Count Mantovani was assured that a resolution of the incident would be quickly solved in the future, and that if Kieritz returned to France he would not be molested.

LONDON, 10th April. The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says the property of George Abingdon Baldwin will go intact in his family, as has been stated.

TO LET

TO LET.

FRONT Part of FIRST FLOOR of 10 Queen's Road Central.
Apply to LINSTEAD & DAVIS.
Hongkong, 23rd March, 1893. 1709

TO LET
WITH POSSESSION ON THE 1st MAY.

THE TOP FLOOR of Messrs. Gibb, Livingston & Co's House, No. 8, 1st Floor, Queen's Road, and three Bath Rooms. Rent, £70 a month including taxes.
Apply to GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO.
Hongkong, 12th April, 1893. 181

TO LET.

DWELLING, House, No. 27, Mosque Lane, Gas and Water laid on.
For Partition, Apply to 4A, UPPER MOSQUE TERRACE,
Hongkong, 15th March, 1893. 1663

TO LET.

"THE WILDERNESS," CANE ROAD, OFFICES, FIRST AND SECOND FLOOR, of No. 4, Queen's Road Central, over the Bank of China, Japan and Straits, Limited.
Nos. 11 and 12, COMBE ROYAL—a large Furnace, 100 ft. diameter, Gap.
No. 10, OLD MILL, CHAMPAINE GAP.

No. 7, PRAYA CENTRAL, at present occupied by the New Oriental Bank in Liquidation.
New HOUSES in RIFTON TERRACE, BONHAM Road, near Breezy Point.
NEW HOUSES in ELEGANT STREET, PEEL STREET, and STANTON STREET.
MAGAZINE BUILDINGS.
FLORIDA, No. 14, BEE BUILDINGS.
SEMI-DETACHED HOUSES at MAGAZINE GAP. Very cheap rental.

GROUND FLOOR, No. 5, SHELLY STREET.
Apply to THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.
Hongkong, 5th May, 1893. 1604

TO LET.

COMMODIOUS GODOWN on Praya Street.
Apply to SIEMSEN & CO.
Hongkong, 5th April, 1893. 1821

TO BE LET.

THE HOUSE "MERION LODGE," nearing completion, Seven Rooms, Gas and Water laid on. Tennis Lawn, Vegetable and Flower Garden, English Kitchen, &c.
No. 2, MOUNTAIN VIEW, Peak District.
No. 8, WILD DELL BUILDINGS. Six Rooms.

Apply to HUMPHREYS ESTATE AND FINANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
Hongkong, 8th May, 1893. 1789

TO LET.

DESIRABLE HOUSES at MAGAZINE GAP. Low RENTS.
For particulars, apply to R. C. WILCOX.
Hongkong, 18th April, 1893. 1954

TO LET.

GODOWNS in FLE CHEER STREET.
Apply to LINSTEAD & DAVIS.
Hongkong, 21st April, 1893. 1949

NOTICE.

ROOMS TO LET.
From 1st April, 1893, to Monthly Rents only. ROOMS in the old portion of the Hotel facing Queen's Road and part of Pedder Street.
Terms for a Room and Board £70 or £75 per month. Application to be made to the Manager or to the Undersigned.
By Order, R. LYALL, Secretary.
Hongkong, 25th March, 1893. 1733

TO LET.

FROM and after 1st April, 1893, to Monthly Rents only. ROOMS in the old portion of the Hotel facing Queen's Road and part of Pedder Street.
Terms for a Room and Board £70 or £75 per month. Application to be made to the Manager or to the Under-signed.
By Order, R. LYALL, Secretary.
Hongkong, 25th March, 1893. 1733

TO LET.

NO. 1, ALBANY (Five Rooms).
No. 4—LBAN (Eight Rooms).
WESTBOURNE VILLA SOUTH (Five Rooms).
No. 4, WOODLANDS TERRACE (Four Rooms).
Apply to LINSTEAD & DAVIS.
Hongkong, 1st May, 1893. 1031

TO LET.

SECOND FLOOR of House No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD.
Apply to WAI PO SHIN.
Hongkong, 7th April, 1893. 1839

TO LET.

No. 2, PEDDER'S STREET, next to the Post Office. Suitable for Offices or Chambers.
Apply to G. C. ANDERSON.
Hongkong, 1st March, 1893. 145

TO LET.

BURNSIDE, ROBINSON ROAD, Seven Roads.
Apply to LINSTEAD & DAVIS.
Hongkong, 8th April, 1893. 1948

TO LET.

THE SHOP, The FIRST FLOOR,
The SEC'D FLOOR of NOS. 38 and 40, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, adjoining the Hongkong Dispensary.
Apply to SECRETARY,
A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.
Hongkong, 8th March, 1893. 1600

TO LET.

A SMALL GODOWN at WANCHAI.
Apply to LINSTEAD & DAVIS.
Hongkong, 23rd March, 1893. 1708

TO LET.

CONSIGNERS for Company's Agents, &c., from France or S.S. Ships and President Léon Laffier, in connection with above Steamer, are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium, Treasure, and Valuables, are being landed and stored at their wharves in the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, at Kowloon. Delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.
Optional cargo will be forwarded on unless instruction is received from the Consignees before 4 P.M. (TUESDAY), the 3rd inst., requesting it to be landed here.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Under-signing Consignee.

The remaining unclaimed after WEDNESDAY, the 10th inst., at Noon, will be subject to rent and landing charges.
All claims must be settled in me or before WEDNESDAY the 10th inst., or they will not be recognised.
All damaged Packages will be examined on TUESDAY, the 9th inst., at 3 P.M.
No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Apply to G. DE CHAMPEAUX,
Agent.
Hongkong, 3rd May, 1893. 1948

TO LET.

THE GLEN LINE OF STEAM PACKETS FROM LONDON AND SINGAPORE.
Apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., Agents.
Hongkong, 1st January, 1892.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE.

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOMS, with Board.
Apply to Mrs. MATHER.
2, Pedder's Hill.
Hongkong, 1st January, 1892.

RUPTURE
Mr. T. W. T. in the world.
Dr. P. Magnotti Electric
Worn with expert Skill and Day
It has a thousand feet of
Punch and is a good
agent for your Agent.

this paper.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.

MUNICH BEER
LÖWEN BRAU.

\$13 per case of 4 dozen quarts.
\$15 per case of 8 dozen pints.

EDWARD SCHELLHAAS & CO.,
Solo Agents.
Hongkong, 16th July, 1892. 1938

FOR SALE

CHAS. H. E. D. SIECK &
CHAMPAGNE, 1893, WHITE SEAL
\$27 per case of 1 dozen quarts.
\$25 per case of 1 dozen pints.
PAUL DU BOIS & CO.—
CLARET, CHATHAM LAGER.
\$15 per case of 1 dozen quarts.
PALMER MAGUAUX.
\$8.25 per case of 1 dozen quarts.
LORMOND.
\$7.75 per case of 1 dozen quarts.
\$6.75 per case of 2 dozen pints.
SIEMSEN & CO.
Hongkong, 18th November, 1892. 1828

FOR SALE

CHAMPAGNE "MONOPOLE"
—HEIDSIECK & CO.—

MONOPOLE RED SEAL (medium dry)
Do. "950" RED FOIL (dry).
Do. do. (extra dry).

CARLOWITZ & CO.,
Solo Agents for
HEIDSIECK & CO., BEERS.
For Hongkong, China, and Japan.
Hongkong, 1st July, 1892. 1845

MALL TABLES are now Ready.
10 cts. and 20 cts.
Cash preferred.

Daily Press Office.
Hongkong, 24th January, 1893. 1243

FOR SALE

APOWERFUL HORIZONTAL SUGAR CANE MILL, the Rollers are 30" in dia. by 7' long, with 10' of Horizontal Engine, driving Belts and Eccentric adjustment, 10 tons each. A Horizontal Sack Case Mill, the Rollers are 30" in dia. by 5' long, with one 2½ H.P. N. Engine, Gearring and Belts, 4—4" Centrifugal Suger Curving Machines with 2 Double Driving Engines. One Powerful Portable Steam FIRE ENGINE and two London Hydraulic MUNIZ FIRE ENGINES, also working order. A H. H. N. Portable Boiler and Engine with enlarged fire box, for burning Wood or Coal. Horizontal and Vertical Driving Engines, and BOILERS various sizes up to 30 H.P. N. Launched the EN-INE and BOILERS, Belts, and Screw Cutting LATHEs, various sizes. Planing, Shaping, Slotting, Radial Drilling, Boring, Planing, and Milling, also Planing, Bending, MACHINES, various sizes. Steam HAMMERS, SCREW CUTTING MACHINES, Pounding BEARS, TAPS and Dies, FORGES, ANVILS, EMERY TOOL GRINDERS, Horizontal and Vertical STEAM WINDLASSes and CAPSTANS, Steam Steering GEAR, Horizontal and Diagonal STEAM WINCHES, SICK PUMPS, SICK PUMPS, AIR COMPRESSORS, AIR PUMPS, OVEN, OVEN, TRAVELLING CRANE, CRANE, WINCHES, WESTON PATENT BLOCKS and CHAINS, HYDRAULIC JACKS, Hand Power DRIVING WHEELS, Shifting, Brackets, Pulleys and Fly WHEELS, STEEL RICE BEADS, Fresh Water CONDENSERS, Hand Power RAIL SHELLING MACHINES, and other similar articles and the complete plant of Powerful Laundry MACHINERY that formerly belonged to the Hongkong Steam Laundry Co. A FIVE BARRELL NORDENFELDT MACHINE GUN, 450 Calibers, with Stand, Shield, Hopper, and Fittings all complete and in perfect order. The Frame and Beams are hand-made Nickel plated.

For particulars apply to the Managers of the Wan Chai Machinery Godown, No. 3, Cross Lane, near No. 2 Police Station. Any Machines not on hand can be ordered at once from England on moderate terms.

Hongkong, 23rd March, 1893. 1850

FOR SALE

SAIGON, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA, COLOMBO, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MEDITERRANEAN and BLACK SEA PORTS, ALEXANDRIA, MARSEILLE, LONDON, HAVRE, AND HORDEAUX.

THE STEAMSHIP "NEMMUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "PREUSSEN."
Captain H. Blanke, will leave for the above Ports on or about WEDNESDAY, the 19th inst.

For further particulars apply to MELCHERS & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 6th May, 1893. 17

FOR SINGAPORE, HAVRE, AND HAMBURG.
(Calling at NAPLES.)

THE STEAMSHIP "SHANTUNG."
Captain F. H. Pfaff, will be despatched on THURSDAY, the 11th inst., for the above Ports.

For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

Hongkong, 5th May, 1893. 1038

FOR SINGAPORE, HAVRE, AND HAMBURG.
(Calling at NAPLES.)

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

THE STEAMSHIP "MOGUL."
Captain Craig, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at DAYLIGHT.